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FOUR MILLION NEW YORKERS ROAR THEIR GREETINGS TO KING AND QUEEN

KING, QUEEN VISIT TOMB OF UNKNOWN SOLDIER

WASHINGTON, June 10 (BWS).—Probably the most crowded day of the whole Royal tour began in a shade temperature of 80 Fahrenheit yesterday morning.

It included a drive to the British Embassy to meet British Residents, visits to Congress, to America's Unknown Soldiers' Tomb and to the home of the Confederate leader, General Robert E. Lee, and in the afternoon a river trip to Mount Vernon, where Washington lived and is buried, as well as a tour of inspection of the work of boys in the Civilian Conservation Corps for conserving America's natural resources of forestland and water.

Informal Tea

An informal tea was taken at the White House and at night a dinner was given at the British Embassy in honour of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

At its conclusion the King and Queen prepared for their departure to New York, where a great welcome awaited them.

At all their public appearances yesterday, Their Majesties were vociferously cheered by great crowds.

On their arrival at the Capitol the King and Queen shook hands and chatted with some hundreds of Senators and Representatives.

Triumphal Tour

The triumph of the Royal tour is the subject of most enthusiastic comment in practically all American newspapers.

Although the King's programme in Washington has been crowded, President Roosevelt revealed that an opportunity had been found for discussion with him in general terms of the international situation.

BRITAIN'S SPECIAL ENVOY TO MOSCOW

LONDON, June 11 (BWS).—Mr. William Strang, head of the Central European Department of the Foreign Office, is expected to leave for Moscow on Monday. Sir Eric Phipps, British Ambassador in Paris, is remaining in London over the week-end.

—On Other— Pages

PAGE 2.—Dekko wins Lantau Handicap. League lawn bowls. U.S. Golf Open championship. Macao Race meeting entries.
PAGE 3.—Radio programmes. The Services. Police pensions.
PAGE 5.—Entertainment. Crossword puzzle.
PAGE 6.—Wedding at St. Andrew's Church. Newsletters. Menu.
PAGE 7.—Macao celebrates King's birthday. Comment in Court. Camoens' Day. In Macao. Airport news. Woman found nude.
PAGE 8.—Leading article. Order of Arrest. Hello and goodbye.
PAGE 10.—World Olympics for London. First-class cricket. Probables for Hunt Cup.
PAGE 11.—Rating Ordinance amendment bill.
PAGE 12 AND 13.—Finance and commerce.
PAGE 14 AND 15.—Shipping news and directory.

PANDEMONTUM OF WELCOME THAT "OUT-LINDBERGHED LINDBERGH'S" TRIUMPHAL RETURN IN 1927

NEW YORK, June 11 (Reuter).—A pandemonium of welcome that, in the words of the New York press, "out-Lindberghed Lindbergh's triumphal return," greeted Their Majesties the King and Queen as they stepped ashore at Manhattan Island from the destroyer Warrington.

As Governor Lehmann presented the members of the Welcoming Committee to Their Majesties and Mayor La Guardia of New York shook hands with the Royal visitors with his accustomed heartiness, massed Police Bands crashed out "God Save the King," followed by the United States National Anthem.

Meanwhile, a crowd of over 100,000 massed near the dockside roared their greetings.

TRADITIONAL FORM OF GREETING

Thirteen cars formed the procession and Their Majesties took their seats in the first in line, preceded by an escort of 42 Motor-Cycle Police.

As the procession moved off, New York, determined that this should be what the American newspapers predicted as "the craziest Yankee welcome ever," poured down ticker-tape from the skyscraper windows—New York's traditional form of greeting.

Their Majesties progress from the landing stage to the World's Fair grounds was through walls of wildly cheering humanity and it is estimated that more than 4,000,000 New Yorkers were massed, in a temperature of 90 degrees, in order to obtain a fleeting glimpse of the procession.

The vast crowds were apprised of the moment of the Royal approach by a Police officer, in an escort car, who gave the position every few minutes.

Fifteen-thousand uniformed police, apart from plain-clothesmen, struggled to keep in bounds the enthusiasm of the greatest crowd New York has ever known.

OUTSTANDING FEATURE

An outstanding feature of a welcome of so many bewildering facets was the resolute determination of a million children to be seen and heard. Frenziedly waving British and American flags, they shrilly demanded attention and were rewarded by bows and smiles from the Queen and with salutes from the King.

For an hour before Their Majesties were due at the Fair, the ground was packed with the greatest crowd seen since the opening day and cordons of police lined every avenue.

When Their Majesties alighted, 24 full-blooded Indians stood stiffly to attention, while the King and Queen were escorted to the lift which took them to the second floor of the Peryon Hall, which is specially reserved for official receptions.

Here Their Majesties received the heads of the foreign pavilions and the members of Mayor La Guardia's office.

The crowds at the World's Fair did not fall far short of the half million which the authorities predicted and when Their Majesties arrived, about 100,000 passed through the turnstiles.

Emerging from the Federal building after lunch, Their Majesties were greeted with the British and United States National Anthems and afterwards made a brief tour of the Irish and Canadian Pavilions.

As Their Majesties approached the British Pavilion, a number of fireworks exploded, releasing thousands of British and American flags attached to parachutes, which Boy Scouts and children secured as souvenirs of the Royal visit.

GREATEST DEMONSTRATION

Police Commissioner Valen-tine estimated that 2,000,000 people saw the procession along the route from the battery to the Fair grounds.

He said that it was New York's greatest demonstration

since Col. Chas. Lindbergh returned from his solo flight to Paris in 1927.

Their Majesties made a whirlwind inspection of the British Pavilion and afterwards appeared on the lawn, which was packed with invited guests. The King looked weary, but the Queen showed no signs of fatigue.

The British, Canadian, West Indian and American Ex-Servicemen came smartly to attention when Their Majesties appeared and the King chatted with one or two white-bearded veterans.

Forty minutes behind their programme, Their Majesties drove to Columbia University and were greeted with tumultuous cheers from enthusiastic crowds, including many thousands who had remained all day to see Their Majesties pass again.

At the University, the President presented Their Majesties with an address of welcome, expressing the hope that "the coming year may bring Your Majesties and those people, whose unity of spirit and purpose and political convictions Your Majesties so fully represent and typify, every blessing and happiness."

Their Majesties later left for the President's home in Hyde Park, where, after the exhausting programme in Washington and New York, they will rest to-day.

(Continued on Page 9)

"We Will Stand By The Weak" BRITISH SENSE OF HONOUR AND JUSTICE

LONDON, June 11 (Reuter).—Lord Chatfield, Minister for Co-ordination of Defence, speaking at Edinburgh, Scotland, said: "If we have unhappily to fight again, it will be because of our sense of honour and justice and the cause will be one which every citizen in this country will know is a cause which is the right one."

He added that no one need imagine that because Britain was taking her defence preparations seriously that war was becoming inevitable.

"We have now assumed great and new responsibilities," he said. "Instead of saying 'we will stand by the weak,' we are now saying 'we will stand by the weak.'"

"Any further agreements that we may make will also be made public and their intentions, therefore, will be manifestly clear to the world."

THETIS FUND \$35,000

LONDON, June 10 (BWS).—The Lord Mayor's Fund for dependents of the men lost in the submarine Thetis already amounts to £35,000.

CHINA WAR NEWS:

SUCCESSFUL CHINESE RAID NEAR CANTON: QUIET ON KIANGSI FRONT

YUNGYUN, KWANGTUNG, June 11 (Central).—A Chinese raid resulted in the recapture of Fukohu, north-east of Canton, in the early hours of yesterday morning.

Six hundred Japanese parading the town put up stiff resistance but were evicted by the Chinese. They fled to Chuenchuen and Chungshun, suffering some 200 casualties. Four Japanese were taken prisoners.

CHUNGKING, June 10 (Central).—According to reports from Fancheng, Hupeh, a Japanese unit from Tienkiang, on the Han River 110 miles east of Ichang, tried to cross the Tung Ching River, a tributary of the Han River, the day before yesterday. It was driven back by the Chinese with more than ten killed.

After being harassed by Chinese guerrillas, the Japanese troops have abandoned Shai, south of Chungking, and have fled to Yanchichang, on the Hankow-Lohang highway.

In North Hunan Only skirmishes have taken place in North Hunan, states a dispatch from Miao Hunan. After defeating the Japanese on the north bank of the river.

SIAM, June 11 (Central).—Following their capture of Lulin, west of Lashin in western Siam, about 600 of the Japanese driving towards the Yellow River bank for an invasion of Siam have reached Kuntun, strategic river crossing, and are facing the Chinese defenders across the river.



THE KING, in Field-Marshal's uniform, and the Queen, in pale blue and wearing a diamond tiara, as they left Parliament House, Ottawa, after the historic assembly on May 19.

JAPANESE BOMBERS CRASH IN FLAMES AERIAL BATTLE OVER WARTIME CAPITAL

CHUNGKING, June 10 (Reuter).—People who stayed outside their dugouts to watch the aerial combat between Chinese and Japanese planes during last night's raid saw two Japanese bombers crash in flames.

Comparatively few casualties are reported as result of the raid. Many people had already been evacuated, while the majority of those remaining in the city took no chances and sheltered in dugouts.

The local authorities are now planning to permit only 83,000 civilians and 27,000 servicemen to remain in the city.

This will necessitate the evacuation of a further 110,000 people from Chungking.

The roofs of many buildings in the down-town district were damaged last night. As it was raining to-day the staffs of many business houses worked with umbrellas in their hands.

Heavier bombs than those used previously appeared to have been dropped by the Japanese raiders last night.

Huge craters were seen in the down-town section by Reuter's correspondent in a tour of the city this morning.

15 Foot Crater One popular "sing-song" house near Reuter's office was completely gutted by fire, while a bomb made a crater 15 feet deep and 25 feet in diameter in the middle of the road leading to Reuter's.

Another bomb landed on what is ordinarily the busiest street in the amusement district, completely tearing off the front of the premier theatre in the city.

Biggest crater of all was made by a bomb which landed in the midst of a block of houses 20 yards behind the main street.

Everything within a radius of 30 feet was completely destroyed. A direct hit was scored on a ricksha shop, scattering ricksha wheels all over the street.

By a strange coincidence many bombs landed in areas where the Chinese authorities at present are tearing down houses to make fire lanes.

This probably accounted for the fact that the fires did not spread, being quickly brought under control in spite of the water mains being damaged.

"As Usual" Although the water, power and telephone services were disrupted in the district where the offices of the Chungking Joint "Daily News" is located, the paper published as usual this morning.

Emergency repair gangs worked feverishly throughout the night to make this possible.

ADMINISTRATION OF AMOY On Way To Hospital

"Special Municipality" As From July 1

SHANGHAI, June 11 (T/Ocean).—It is reported from Amoy that a "special municipality" will be established in Amoy on July 1. The new form of administration is to supersede the Amoy peace preservation commission which had been formed about a year ago. The new administration, which will be Japanese controlled, the peace preservation commission was likewise entirely in the hands of Japanese.

With regard to the latter extensive negotiations are in progress between representatives of the United States and European countries holding "rights" in Kulangsu and the Japanese mediator.

The Japanese demand for a larger share in the administration of the International Settlement of the governing body of the settlement is unwilling, so far, to take into consideration. The Japanese Consul-General who is representing the Japanese Government in the negotiations left for Tokyo two days ago on board a Japanese destroyer to report to the Government on the stage reached in the discussions and to receive new instructions.

SIAM, June 11 (Central).—Following their capture of Lulin, west of Lashin in western Siam, about 600 of the Japanese driving towards the Yellow River bank for an invasion of Siam have reached Kuntun, strategic river crossing, and are facing the Chinese defenders across the river.

107 German Refugees In Desperate Situation

SEND APPEAL TO MR. CHAMBERLAIN

LONDON, June 11 (Reuter).—One hundred and seven German refugees aboard the Hamburg-America liner St. Louis who were not permitted to land at Cuba on June 7 have cabled to Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Prime Minister, begging for asylum in Britain or at least, permission to land at Southampton.

According to a message received from the ship, they declare that their position is desperate as they are now allowed to return to Hamburg.

HITLER CHANGES HIS PLANS

VIENNA, June 11 (Reuter).—Herr Hitler arrived unexpectedly in Vienna from Munich yesterday.

When he left Berlin on Wednesday it was stated that Herr Hitler was going to Berchtesgaden for a short holiday.

It was later stated here that Herr Hitler arrived on a visit to the opera to take part in Stravinsky's 75th birthday celebrations to-day.

CZECH-GERMAN CLASH

Policeman Killed In Bohemia

PRAGUE, JUNE 11 (REUTER).—A CZECH POLICEMAN WAS KILLED IN A FIGHT BETWEEN THE CZECH AND GERMAN POLICE AT NACHAD, IN NORTHERN BOHEMIA.

A communique states that according to investigations carried out jointly by the German and Czech authorities, the incident was due to a series of deplorable incidents and the German Reich Protector has ordered investigations to be carried out with the utmost severity and speed.

All the persons involved have been placed under arrest.

Klavno Incident

PRAGUE, June 11 (Reuter).—The German authorities have decided to refrain from taking further measures against Klavno, which was penalized yesterday with a fine of 50,000 reichsmarks for the murder of the German Police official, Herr Kriest.

A communique issued yesterday by Baron von Neurath says that the result of the investigations on the attitude of the Czech population and the measures taken by the Czech Government of the Protectorate, enables the German Reich Protector to abstain from reinforcing the present exceptional measures as contemplated.

The reports circulated abroad regarding the large-scale arrests, involving hundreds of people, are described as incorrect.

An Apology

The Czech Prime Minister called on Herr Frank, the German Secretary of State, and expressed the regrets of the Czech Government for the Klavno incident.

He thanked Herr Frank for the Czech authorities' condemnation of everything in their power to prevent the murder of the German official.